C. DIFF AWARENESS MONTH 2024

PEGGY LILLIS FOUNDATION OFFICIAL TOOLKIT





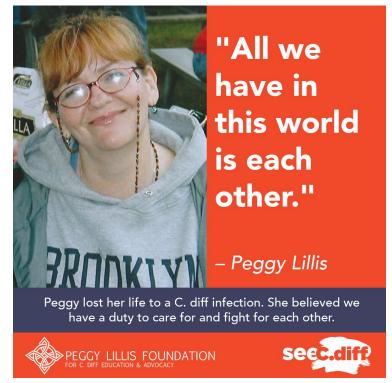
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Introduction

"See C. diff" is a public education campaign of Peggy Lillis Foundation for C. diff Education & Advocacy (PLF). Launched in 2019, the campaign takes place during C. diff Awareness Month in November. In 2023, we reached 21 million people with our campaign, more than ever before. Join us in reaching our 2024 goal of 30 million people!



We appreciate all of your support and collaboration during C. diff Awareness Month and throughout the year. This toolkit includes resources, key messaging, digital tools, graphics, and more.

Thank you for helping us to raise awareness of this preventable-but too often deadly-disease by sharing our messages and content throughout the month.



Events

Nov

1

Nov

8

Nov

12

Nov

15

Nov

18-24

Nov

20

C. DIFF AWARENESS MONTH KICKOFF

Join us across our social media channels to kickoff C. diff Awareness month. Make sure to use the hashtags #cdiffawarenessmonth and #seecdiff

15th CHANGING THE ODDS GALA

Join us for our 15th annual Gala as we celebrate our successes and look to the future of C. diff education and advocacy. <u>Buy tickets</u>

C. DIFF DIAGNOSIS X & THREADS CHAT/Q&A

Join us at 12pm EST for an X and Threads chat and Q&A. Use #seecdiffchat and #cdiffawareness month to participate! You can view of a full list of the questions here.

SCIENTIFIC SYMPOSIUM

Tune in for clinician-focused discussions on the latest updates from leading C. diff experts in the areas of treatment, prevention, and epidemiology. <u>Register here</u>

US ANTIBIOTICS AWARENESS WEEK

USAAW is an opportunity to highlight the importance of preventing infections, improving antibiotic and antifungal use, and combating antimicrobial resistance



STATE OF C. DIFF TOWN HALL

Register for our third-annual town hall on the state of C. difficile infections this fall. Patients and providers alike are welcome. Register here



C. diff Facts

C. diff is a dangerous infection hiding in plain sight. C. diff (Clostridioides difficile) is a germ that causes diarrhea and inflammation of the colon. It is an urgent threat, but it is not treated as such. Without coordination across health systems, C. diff goes under-reported and under-resourced.

C. diff is the most common healthcare-associated infection. While hospital-acquired C. diff infections have been decreasing due to federal and state incentives like antibiotic stewardship programs, community-acquired cases continue to rise.

C. diff can affect anyone, from someone who recently took antibiotics to people who are immunosuppressed. Though certain factors increase the risk of getting sick, anyone can develop a C. diff infection.

Only 40% of Americans have ever heard of C. diff. Though C. diff kills more Americans each year than HIV, only a third of us have heard of it. Knowledge is key to prevention.

Antibiotic use is the most common risk factor for C. diff infections. People who have recently taken antibiotics are at 7-10 times greater risk for contracting C. diff. Limiting antibiotic use when it's unnecessary can prevent C. diff infections and save lives.

C. diff is costly. Between 1986 and 2013, C. diff was among the top 5 most expensive healthcare-associated infections in the US.

C. diff is treatable. Novel and long-standing antibiotics, fecal transplants, and other therapies are available, if patients can access them. Raising C. diff awareness is also about ensuring that those suffering can find the best therapy as quickly as possible.

C. diff is largely preventable. Well-informed patients and caregivers can take action–like ensuring good hand hygiene–to stop the spread of C. diff. Using bacterial cultures and procalcitonin testing can help guide antibiotic use and reduce the risk of C. diff infections.



Theme & Messaging

WHY SEE C. DIFF DIAGNOSED?

This C. diff Awareness Month, Peggy Lillis
Foundation is proud to continue our "See C. diff"
public education campaign with the theme **See C. diff Diagnosed**. The goal of this year's theme
is to spotlight the importance of timely and
accurate diagnosis of C. diff infections.



ACCURATE DIAGNOSIS OF C. DIFF...

- Helps providers and patients make informed decisions
- Leads to accurate Standardized Infection Ratios (SIRs), giving a better understanding of infection rates
- Prevents over-treatment and improves outcomes. The distinction between colonization and active infection is vital.
- Ensures patients receive appropriate treatment. Misdiagnosis can lead to inappropriate use of antibiotics and worsen the spread of drug-resistant infections



Theme & Messaging





Patient History and Risk Factors A patient's medical history is crucial in diagnosis. Risk factors such as recent antibiotic use, hospitalization, community exposure, age, or weakened immune system all play a part in diagnosing a C. diff infection. It's important for physicians to have a full and accurate view of a patient's medical history.



Clinical Symptoms Healthcare providers assess patients' clinical presentation when considering a C. diff diagnosis. The hallmark symptom of C. diff is watery diarrhea (three or more episodes in 24 hours), often accompanied by other symptoms such as abdominal pain, fever, dehydration, nausea, brain fog, cramping, and accelerated heart rate.



Laboratory Testing Stool testing is essential for confirming C. diff and differentiating between colonization and infection. A PCR test shows the presence of C. diff bacteria, while a toxin assay indicates if the C. diff is producing toxins–indicating an active C. diff infection. Testing for the biomarker procalcitonin can also identify potential infection and sepsis. Physicians should discuss the different tests with their patients and what their results mean.



Imaging & Colonoscopy In complicated or severe cases, imaging such as a CT scan or abdominal X-rays may be used to assess the extent of colitis or presence of toxic megacolon. Colonoscopy or sigmoidoscopy might also be done to visualize pseudomembranous colitis or rule out other causes of symptoms.



Social Media

Peggy Lillis Foundation has made it simple for you to share C. diff information on social media. We've created graphics and language that you are encouraged to use. Remember to tag PLF and use the hashtags #cdiffawarenessmonth and #seecdiff when you post!

November is #cdiffawarenessmonth and we are working to spread awareness! Learn how to protect yourself from a #cdiff infection by visiting cdiff.org

#Cdiff is our nation's #1 hospital-acquired infection. Help us #seecdiffdiagnosed by raising awareness and learning how to identify an infection. Visit cdiff.org for more information #cdiffawarenessmonth

Accurate diagnosis of #cdiff ensures patients receive appropriate treatment. Misdiagnosis can lead to inappropriate use of antibiotics and worsen the spread of drug-resistant infections. Learn more at cdiff.org #seecdiffdiagnosed

Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/PeggyFoundation

X: @PeggyFund

Threads: @peggyfund

Instagram: @peggyfund

LinkedIn: https://www.linkedin.com/company/the-peggy-lillis-memorial-foundation/

YouTube: @PeggyLillisFoundation

TikTok: @Peggy_Fund













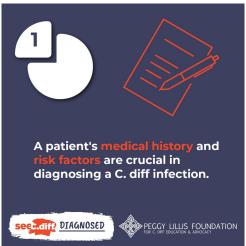


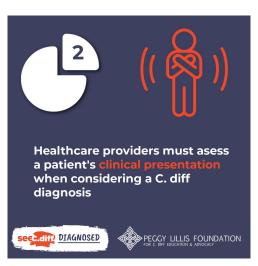


Graphics

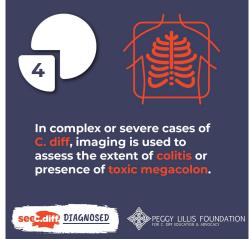
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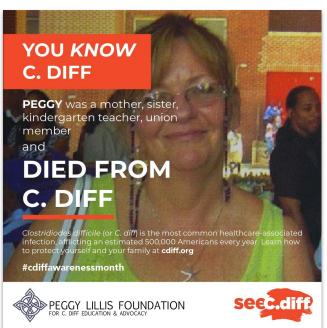






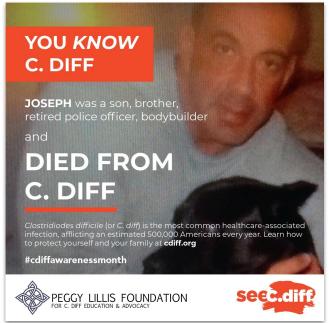


Graphics











THANK YOU

Thank you for helping raise critical C. diff awareness this November!



